



# Intent Driven DDI

DDI Users Group



# Agenda

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- Intent Driven Networking
  - Overview and Motivation
  - IDN Architecture
- Intent Driven DDI Concepts
- Example DDI Intents
- DDI Intent Scenario
- Intent Driven Networking Challenges
- I3DI Vision
- Q&A

# Intent Driven Networking (IDN) Overview

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- Evolution to a “self-managed” network
- IT/Operations staff expresses broad intents for network operations
- IDN translates intents into network element configurations
- IDN monitors the implementation of the intent
- IDN takes proactive action to prevent deviation from the expressed intents

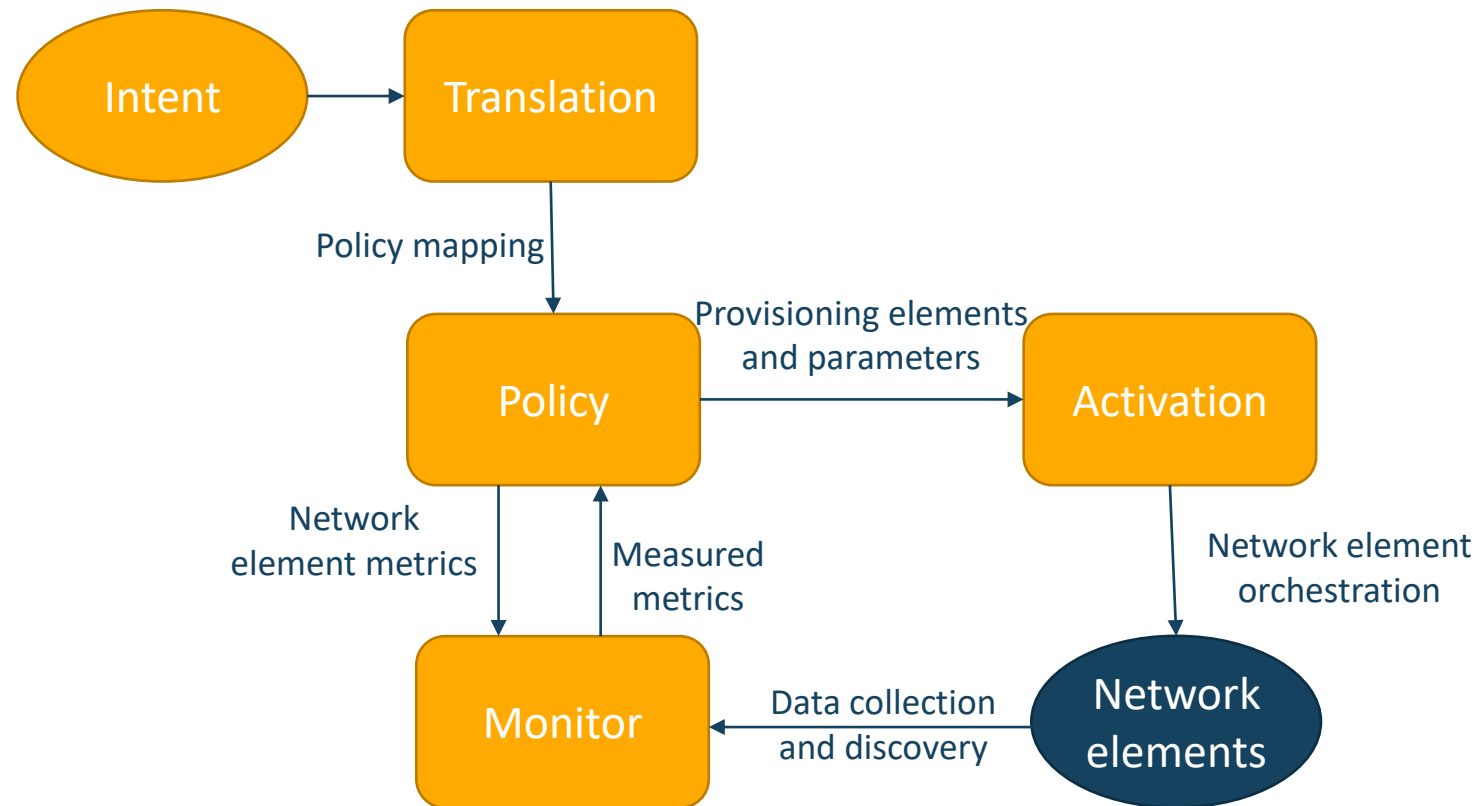
# IDN Motivation

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- Increasing network span and complexity
  - LAN/WAN/SDWAN/SASE, IoT, Cloud, digital workspaces
  - *Network 2030* envisions support for applications such as holographic-type communications (HTC), tactile Internet for remote operations (TIRO), space-terrestrial integrated Internet, IIoT/SIIoT, AI applications, digital twinning
- Services comprised of several components
  - Complex to optimally configure service chain elements
  - Complex to identify issue root causes and rapidly rectify
- Ill-proportioned staff increases if not decreases
  - Less expertise depth per network and services component
- Technologies evolving to assist
  - Automation, AI/ML

# Basic IDN Architecture



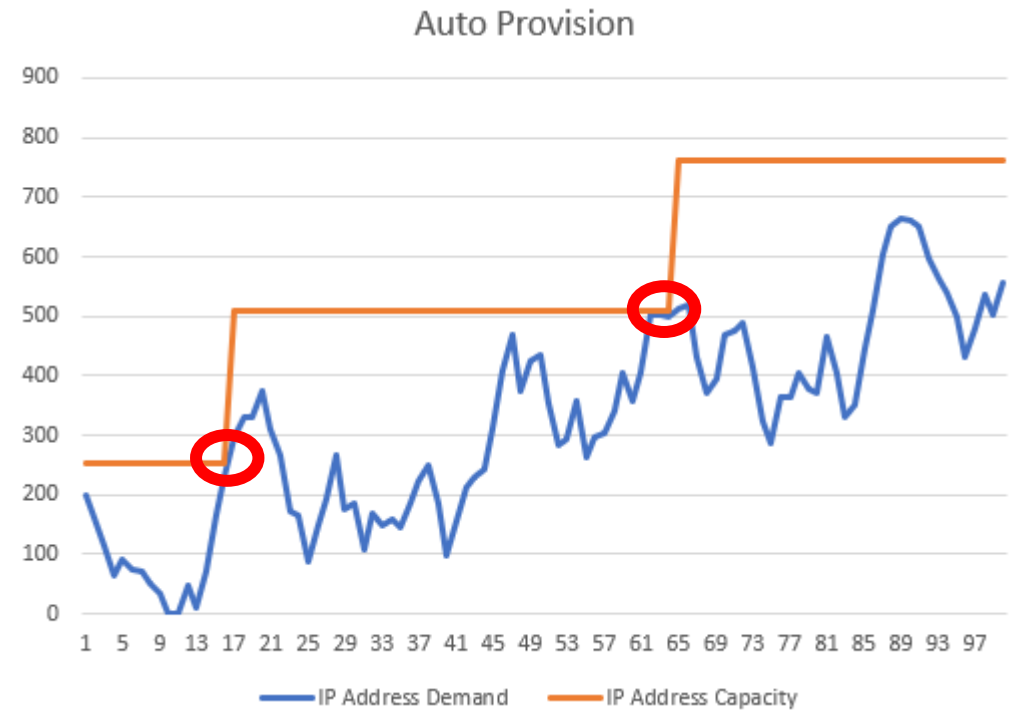
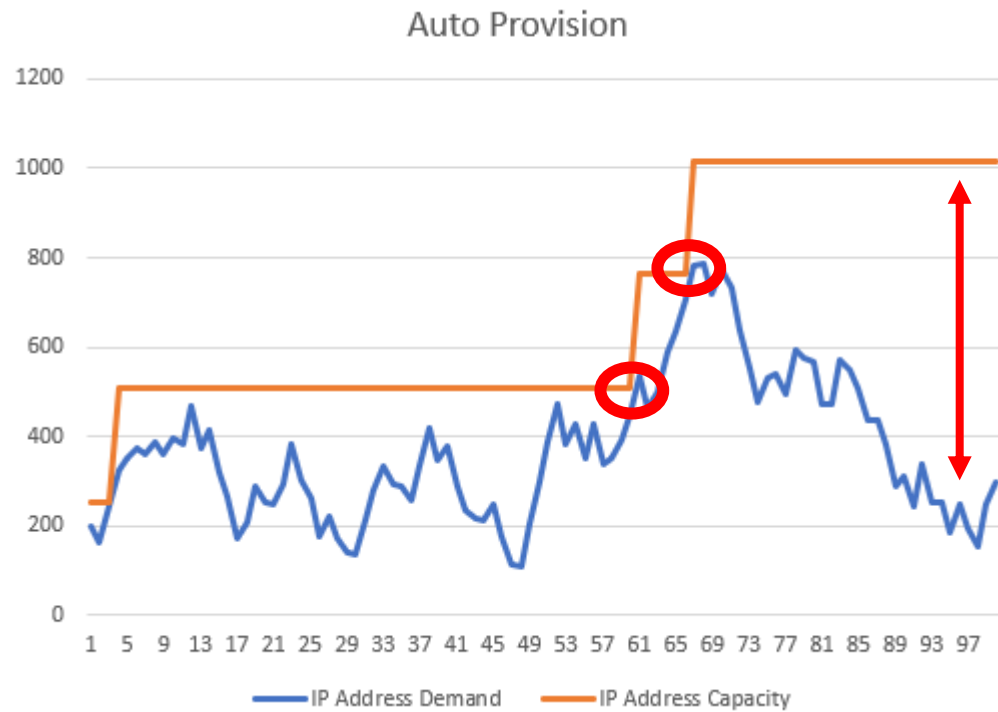
# Example DDI intents and corresponding policies

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- Intent: Maintain IP address availability across the network
- Policy: Auto allocate subnet when utilization > 85% in any site and cloud VPC
- Intent: Minimize IP address waste
- Policy: Auto free up subnet when network link capacity <25% and adjoining subnets available
- Intent: Make sure DDI services are performing well
- Policy: Auto instantiate and configure a network service (DHCP, DNS) when CPU > 75%
- Intent: Assure DDI availability during traffic bursts
- Policy: Auto instantiate and configure a network service (DHCP, DNS) when I/O > 80%
- Intent: Quarantine devices attempting to resolve mal.ware.net
- Policy: create an RPZ policy RR to redirect answers to mal.ware.net to a known quarantine server IP.

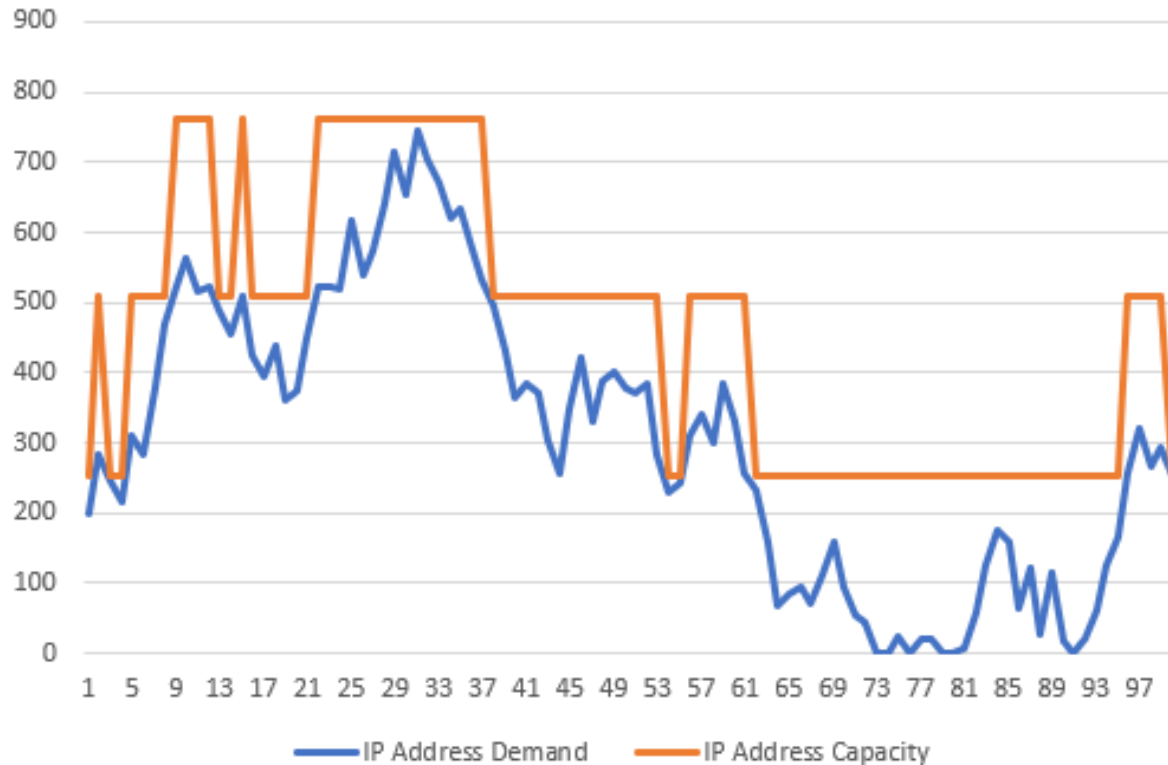
# Intent: Maintain address availability



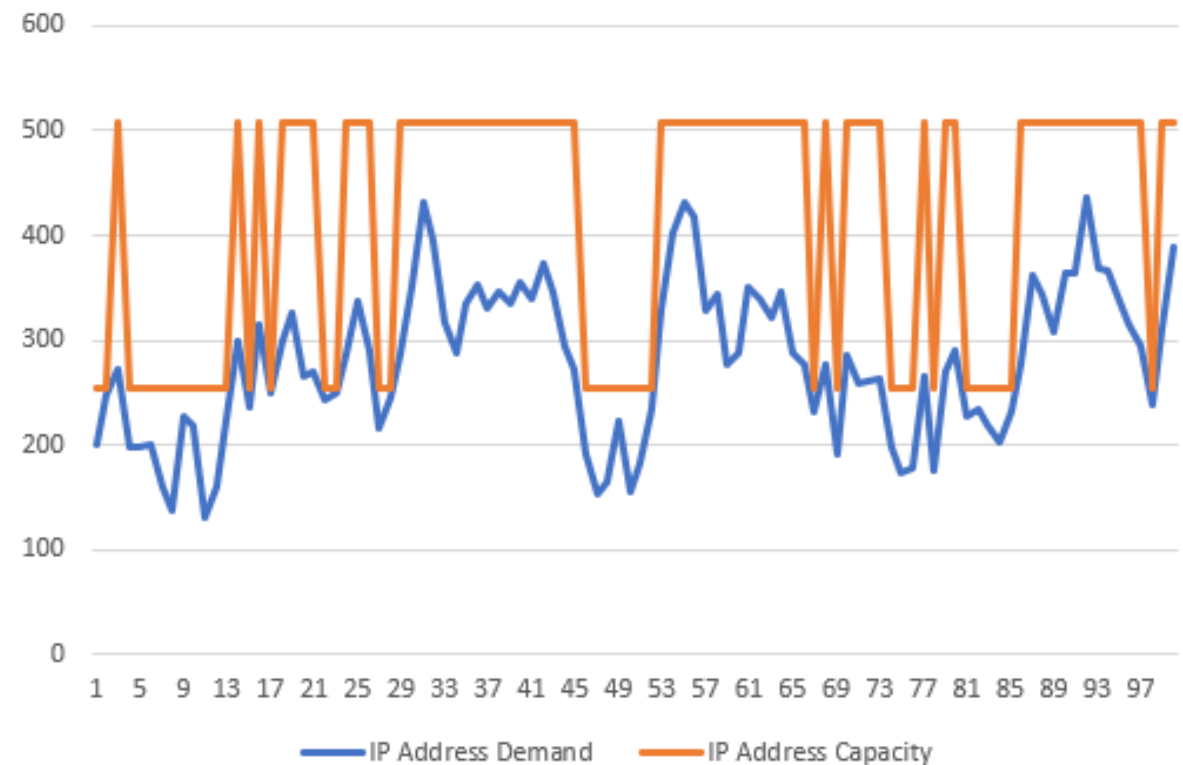
# Intent: Optimize Address Availability



Auto Size



Auto Size

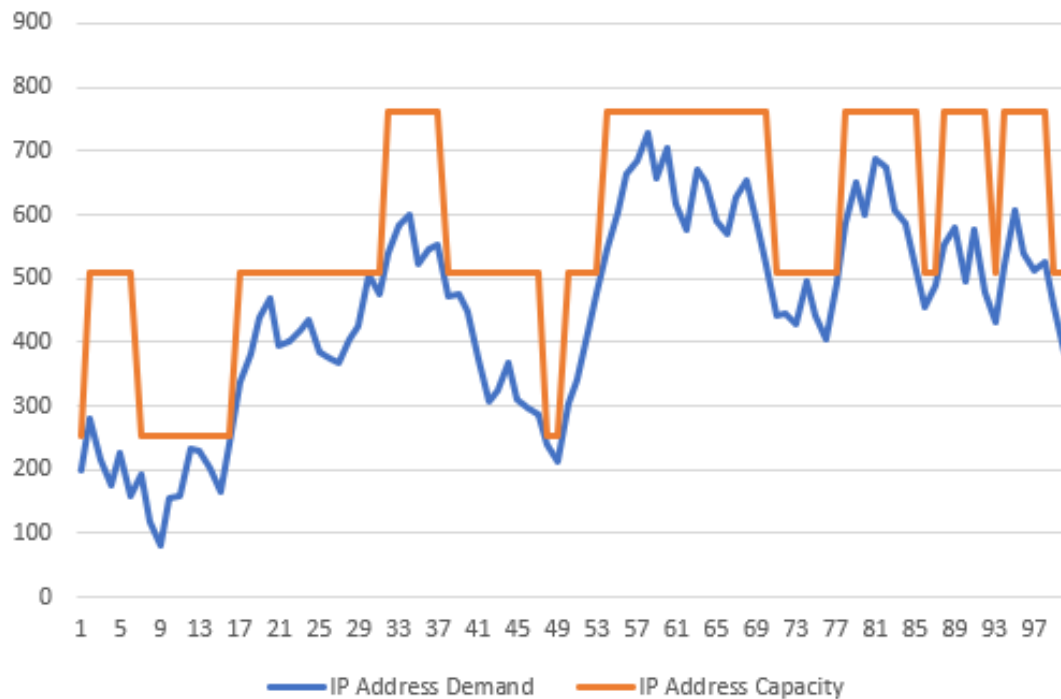




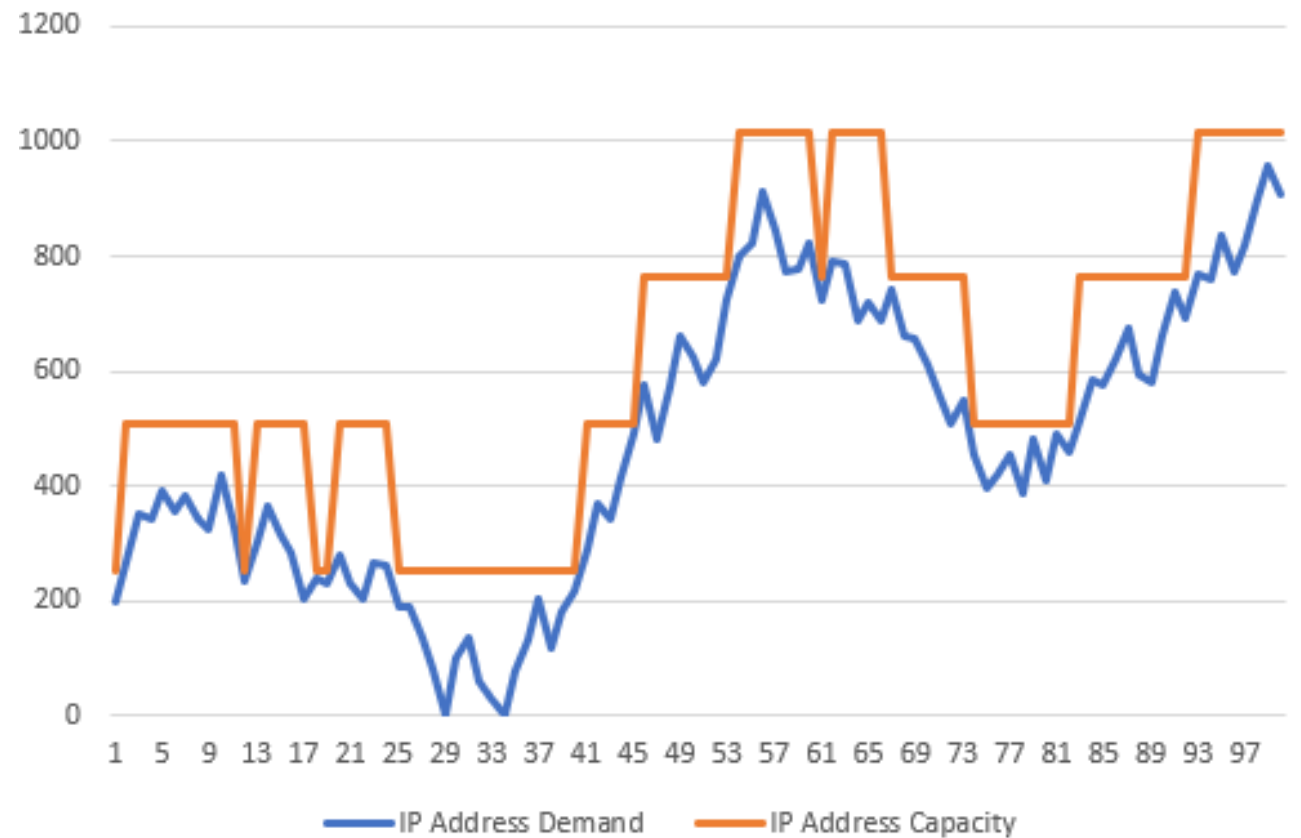
# Intent: Optimize Address Availability with Less Flux



Auto Size with Holdover



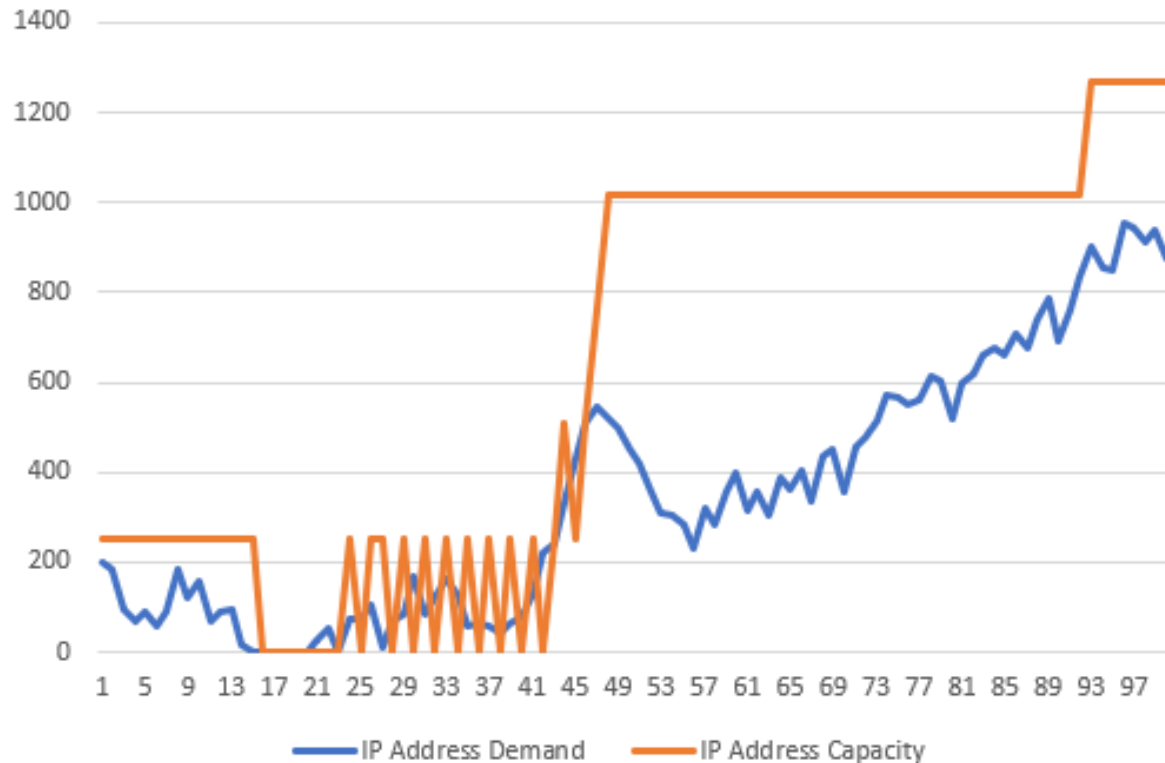
Auto Size with Holdover



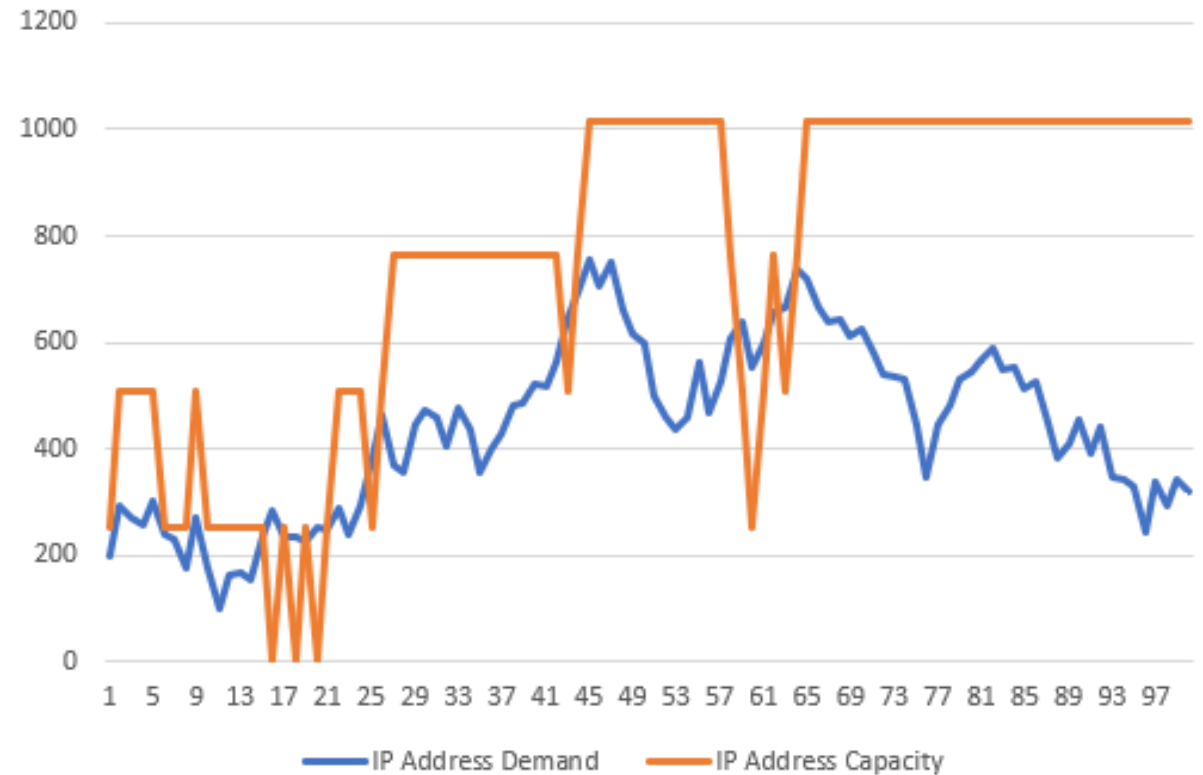
# Intent: Auto Size using demand prediction



Prediction on  $y'$



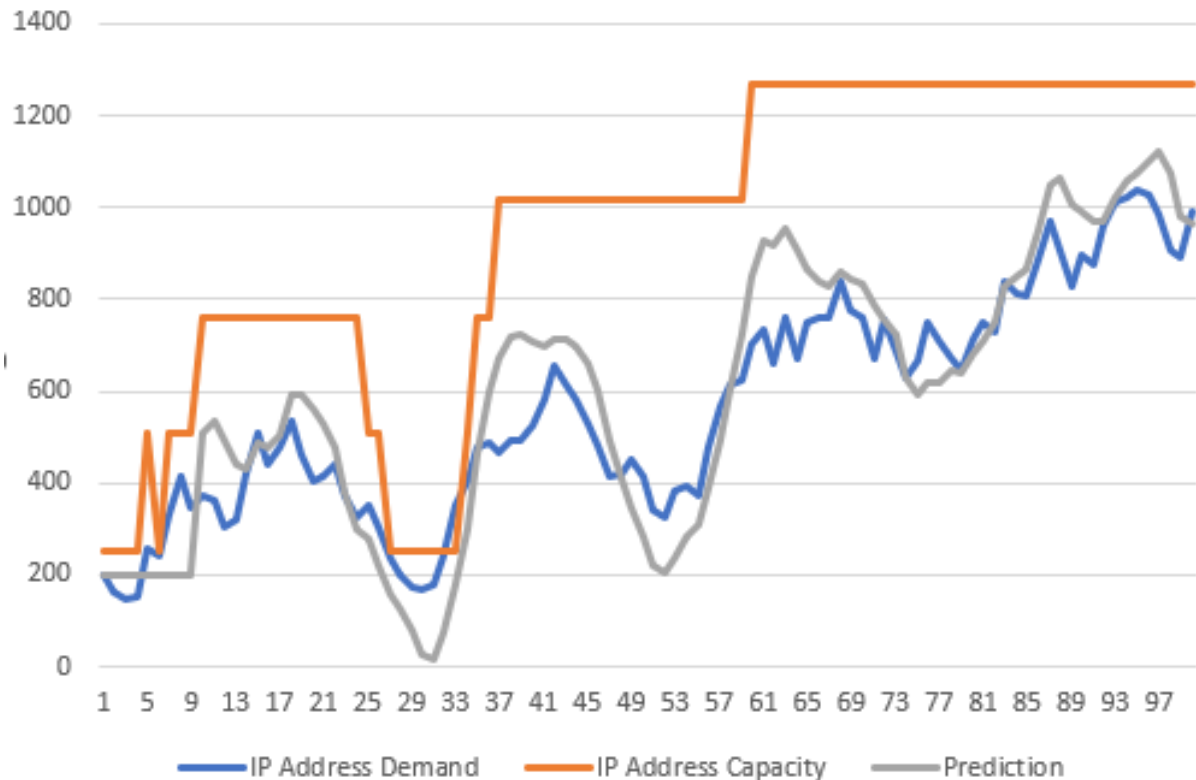
Prediction on  $y'$



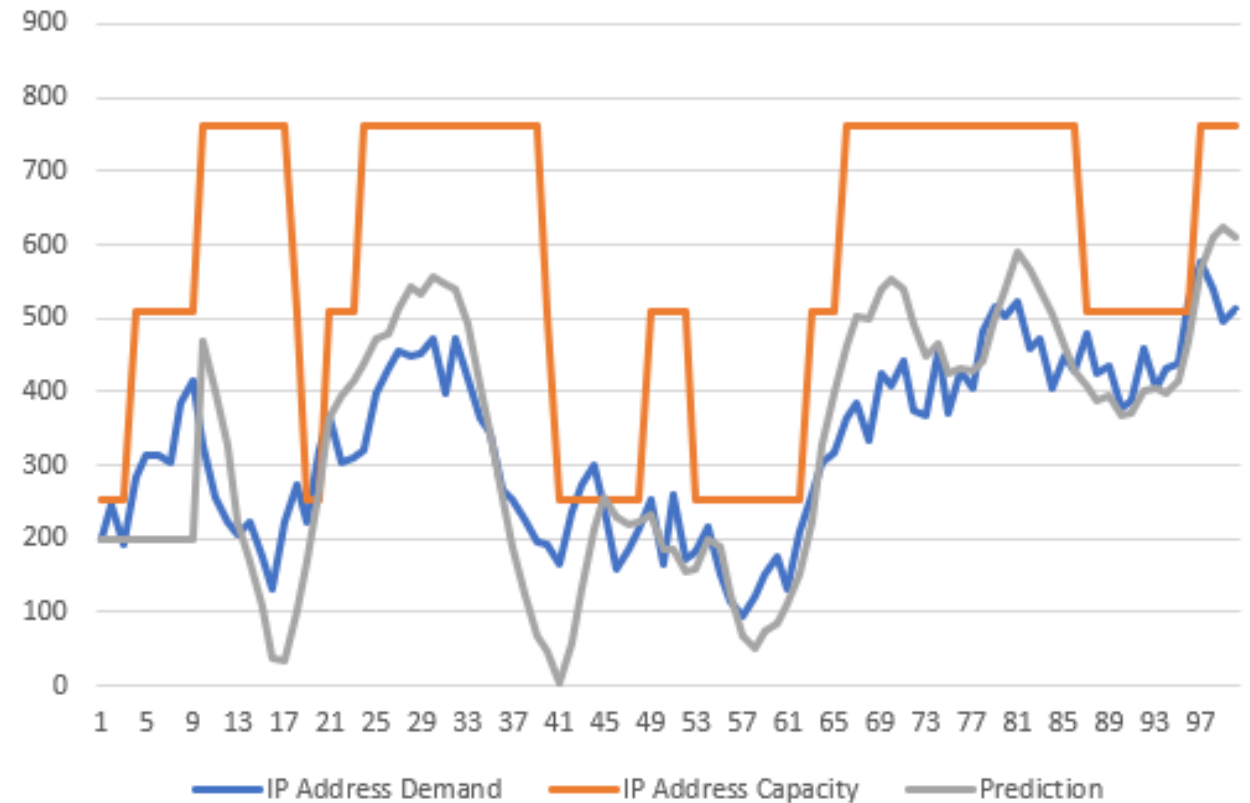
# Intent: Auto-sizing optimal allocation with ML



Prediction on  $y'$



Prediction on  $y'$



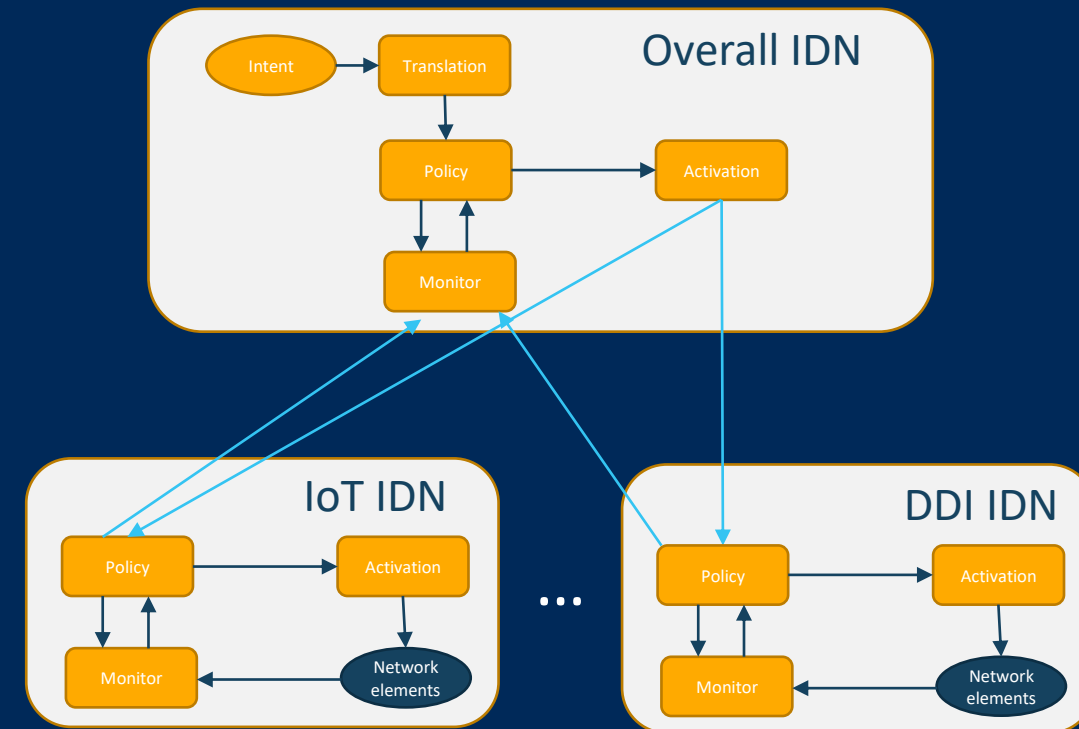
# I3DI Vision

## DDI-focused intents

- E.g., optimize VPC address utilization in the range of 65-85%

## Corollary DDI intents of broader network intents

- E.g., maintain 100% VPC availability 99.9999% of the time
- Availability targets may necessitate spinning up a redundant VPC and shifting resources
- DDI impact is subnets, IP addresses, DNS information



# Other Considerations...

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- Vacating a subnet prior to reclaiming
- Maintaining a minimum sizing
- Buffer addresses
- Special events and response rapidity
- Monitoring sampling
- A new career for Mr. DDI?





## Questions and Discussion

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